

View related courses	View now
View schedule, local pricing, and register	View now
Delivery mode	ILT/VILT
Course length	4 days
HPE course number	U4198S

Why HPE Education Services?

- IDC MarketScape leader 5 years running for IT education and training*
- Recognized by IDC for leading with global coverage, unmatched technical expertise, and targeted education consulting services*
- Key partnerships with industry leaders OpenStack®, VMware®, Linux®, Microsoft®, ITIL, PMI, CSA, and SUSE
- Complete continuum of training delivery options—self-paced eLearning, custom education consulting, traditional classroom, video on-demand instruction, live virtual instructor-led with hands-on lab, dedicated onsite training
- Simplified purchase option with HPE Training Credits

TAL/pTAL Programming U4198S

This course teaches a basic understanding of the Transaction Application Language (TAL) and its usage. Through a series of exercises and labs, students will gain sufficient understanding of syntax and operations to develop and maintain TAL and pTAL programs.

Audience

Systems programmers or maintainers who want to become proficient TAL or pTAL programmers.

Benefits to you

- Introduction to TAL/pTAL
- Program organization and general syntax
- Simple data types and arrays
- Data transfer, program control, and data scan statements
- Operators and expressions
- Pointers and addressing
- Procedures and subprocedures
- The Common Run-Time Environment; Interfacing C and TAL
- Building native mode programs
- Debugging with the Inspect tool

Prerequisites

Concepts and Facilities course
Recommended: At least six months
of programming experience,
preferably with C, PASCAL, or other
block-structured procedure-based
languages. Alternatively, one year of
COBOL 85 programming experience

^{*}Realize Technology Value with Training, IDC Infographic 2037, Sponsored by HPE, October 2017

Course data sheet Page 2

Detailed course outline

Module 1: Introduction to TAL/pTAL	Introduce the Tandem Transaction Application Language (TAL and pTAL)
	Describe TAL/pTAL programming in the Guardian environment
	Describe tools to assist the developer in writing and debugging TAL and pTAL programs
Module 2: Program organization and general syntax	Discuss basic syntax and organization of TAL programs
	Discuss identifiers, begin-end blocks, constants, operators, variable declarations, and procedure declarations
	Describe compiler (both TAL and pTAL) directives that control listings
	Describe sourcing from another file
	Explain the environment set up for the Inspect product and compile for syntax only
	Demonstrate basic Inspect software commands
Module 3: Simple data types and arrays program flow statements	Describe how data is stored and what facilities TAL provides to access data
	Discuss correct data types for various purposes, definitions, literals, labels, and data equivalencing
	Describe types of program flow statements and their usage
	Describe statements for CASE, IF, program control, bit extraction, and manipulation
	• Lab Exercise
	Use constructs such as the CASE statement and WHILE loop
Madula / Tarminal I/O	
Module 4: Terminal I/O	Discuss how to perform terminal I/O in programs
	Discuss error handling and data conversion
	Lab Exercise
	Perform terminal I/O to prompt for data and implement data conversion
Module 5: Operators and expressions	Describe types of operators and expressions
	Discuss arithmetic expressions and conditional expressions
	Discuss special expressions such as: assignment, CASE, IF, and group comparison expressions
Module 6: Pointers and addressing	Describe direct and indirect data access, pointers, and structures
	Discuss additional pTAL pointer data types
	Discuss data transfer and scan statements to illustrate use of pointers and structures
	Describe pTAL caveats
	• Lab Exercise
	Use pointers, addressing, and data movement
Module 7: Procedures and subprocedures	Describe procedures and subprocedures, with or without parameter passing
	Discuss procedure declaration, subprocedure declaration, and procedure calls and returns
	Explain the use of formal and actual parameters in procedure calls and returns
	Discuss TAL and pTAL considerations for Guardian procedures that are obsolete for pTAL procedures
	• Lab Exercise
	Code procedures, with and without parameters
	Invoke procedures, with and without parameters
Module 8: Interfacing C and TAL	Describe the Common Run-Time Environment (CRE)
	Demonstrate how to interface C and TAL and memory model considerations Discuss the use of development tools such as Died and act.
	Discuss the use of development tools such as Bind, nld, and noft Leb Eversion
	Lab Exercise Dillary In Control of
	Build runnable units from separately compiled C and/or TAL objects

Next steps

Guardian API Programming.

Course data sheet

Learn more at hpe.com/ww/learnnonstop

Follow us:













© Copyright 2020 Hewlett Packard Enterprise Development LP. The information contained herein is subject to change without notice. The only warranties for Hewlett Packard Enterprise products and services are set forth in the express warranty statements $accompanying \ such \ products \ and \ services. \ Nothing \ herein \ should \ be \ construed \ as \ constituting \ an \ additional \ warranty. \ Hewlett$ Packard Enterprise shall not be liable for technical or editorial errors or omissions contained herein.

Microsoft is either a registered trademark or trademark of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and/or other countries. The OpenStack Word Mark is either a registered trademark/service mark or trademark/service mark of the OpenStack Foundation, in the United States and other countries and is used with the OpenStack Foundation's permission. We are not affiliated with, endorsed or sponsored by the OpenStack Foundation or the OpenStack community. Pivotal and Cloud Foundry are trademarks and/or registered trademarks of Pivotal Software, Inc. in the United States and/or other countries. Linux is the registered trademark of Linus Torvalds in the U.S. and other countries. VMware is a registered trademark or trademark of VMware, Inc. in the United States and/or other jurisdictions. All other third-party trademark(s) is/are property of their respective owner(s).

U4198S D.01, January 2020